

EXPERT 1.3K-FA

1.3KW SOLID STATE FULLY AUTOMATIC LINEAR AMPLIFIER

USER'S MANUAL





Index

		NT IONS	
	-		
1.		EL DESCRIPTION	
	1.1	Front Panel	
~	1.2	Rear Panel	
2.		ERAL INFORMATION	
	2.1	Power supply	
	2.2	Input / Output	
~	2.3	ALC / RELAY / CAT	
3.		ERCONNECTION WITH THE TRANSCEIVER	
4.		OF THE LINEAR AMPLIFIER	
	4.1	SO2R (Single Operator Two Radio)	
	4.2	Band-Pass Filters Set "SPE BPF1"	
	4.3	QSK (Full Break-In) Operation	
	4.4	Tunable Antenna Control	
	4.5	Setting Up a Single Antenna for Reception	19
	4.6	Two Possible Sets of Antennas	
	4.7	With or Without ATU	
_	4.8	Can also be used on 5 MHz and 70 MHz	
5.		ERNAL GROUND CONNECTION	
6.		ΓΕΝΝΑ	
7.		VER SUPPLY (PSU)	
8.		NER (ATU) – WHERE FITTED	
9.		DTECTIONS / ALARMS	
10.		OGRAMMING	
	10.1	Ways to operate	
11.	INI	TIAL OPERATION OF THE AMPLIFIER	
	11.1	Initial Programming	
	11.2	Operating	
		Setting Driving Levels	
12.	COl	NECTIONS	
	12.1	CAT Connector	
	12.2	Icom	
		CAT CI-V Interface	
	12.3	Kenwood	
		CAT RS232 Interface	
		CAT 5V TTL Interface	
	12.4	Yaesu	37
		CAT RS232 Interface	37
		CAT 5V TTL Interface	37
		BAND DATA Interface	38
	12.5	Ten – Tec, Flex-Radio, Elecraft	38
		CAT RS232 Interface	38
		ALC with Flex-Radio.	39
	12.6	Transceivers of other Brands	40
13.	OTH	HER CONNECTIONS	41
	13.1	ALC, Relay Connections	41
	13.2	Remote- ON Link	41
	13.3	Connections / TX-INH, TX-INH	42
	13.4	AUX Connector	44
	13.5	PORT Connector	45
		SteppIR cable:	45
		Ultrabeam cable:	
		Serial connection to a standard PC RS-232 port for remoting use	
14.	TRA	ANSCEIVER CONTROLLED WITH A PC	47



14.1 Icom CI-V Interface	47
14.2 RS232 Interface	48
14.3 5V TTL Kenwood Interface	48
14.4 5V TTL Yaesu Interface	49
15. USE OF THE USB / RS232 PORTS	
15.1 Remote Control	51
15.2 Download	51
16. MAINTENANCE	
17. CHARACTERISTICS / SPECIFICATIONS	
18. DIAGNOSTICS.	55
19. TABLE	56
20. APPENDIX 1 - REMOTE CONTROL	
20.1 SW (Software) installation.	57
20.2 KTerm_USB.exe usage	62
20.3 KTerm_232.exe usage	
Remote ON/OFF using RS-232.	
20.4 Firmware update	
21. GENERAL RESTORE	
22. WARRANTY TERMS	
REPAIR FORM	86



Congratulations for choosing the SPE EXPERT 1.3K-FA solid state linear amplifier.

It is small, powerful, covers all the amateurs bands from 1.8 to 54 MHz including WARCs and, where permitted, is able to work on 5 MHz (60 m.) and 70 MHz (4 m.), completely automatically and remotable.

Being only 7.5 Kg. (16.5 lbs), it is perfect for use in the shack and is superior to none for DXpeditions.

All operating conditions (frequency, antenna, tuner etc.) are controlled from your transceiver.

The operator needs to only move the frequency-tuning knob on the transceiver.

It is possible to connect it to every transceiver available on the market as it is extremely user-friendly and is a product that is the best in its class.

IMPORTANT

Read this instruction manual carefully before attempting to operate your new linear amplifier.

The warranty will be invalidated in the case of non-observance of these instructions.

Please keep this manual available as it contains important safety and operating instructions for your SPE EXPERT 1.3K-FA.

The manual may be subject to changes and updates therefore please always refer to the updated version available on the website <u>www.linear-amplifier.com</u>. The English language version is the official one.

PRECAUTIONS

Explicit definitions

WORD	DEFINITION
	Risk of danger of fire or electric shock to people.
	Possible damage to the amplifier.
NOTE:	Serious problems if not observed. Danger of fire or electric shock for the operator, or damage to the equipment.

WARNING!

DO NOT disconnect an antenna from the amplifier during transmission; electric shock or fire is possible.

DO NOT modify the internal wiring of the amplifier. Any modifications will invalidate the warranty, and may reduce the performance of the linear amplifier or damage it.



Before using the linear amplifier, compare the value of voltage of the local mains supply network with the value required by the amplifier.

DO NOT turn ON the linear amplifier unless it has been properly grounded through the GND conductor of the mains cord.

Do not disconnect this under any circumstances, or there is a risk of severe or fatal electric shock.

DO NOT use an extension cord with the AC power cable, as if it is not correctly rated there is a risk of fire or electric shock.

DO NOT allow metallic objects or wires to enter inside the amplifier.

DO NOT obstruct the openings for cooling air at both the sides of the amplifier. Ensure that no object impedes the correct operation of the fans.

DO NOT expose the linear amplifier to rain, snow or any liquids.

DO NOT install the linear amplifier in a place without good ventilation. This could limit heat dissipation and the amplifier could be damaged.

DO NOT touch the amplifier with damp or wet hands. There is danger of electric shock. Avoid opening it before you have disconnected it from the mains supply, then wait at least 2 minutes for electrolytic capacitors to complete their discharge.

To clean the amplifier DO NOT use chemical agents like alcohol or benzene because the plastic surfaces could be damaged.

AVOID using the amplifier in areas with temperatures below -10° C (+14F) or above +40°C (+104F).

AVOID using the linear amplifier in locations that are very dusty, damp, high humidity or in direct sunlight.



AVOID placing the linear amplifier against walls where the circulation of the air would be obstructed and the noise of the fans would be reflected toward the operator.

AVOID permitting children to play with the amplifier.

If you do not use the linear amplifier for long time, set the back main switch [I/O] to the OFF position [O].

Information for Users on Collection and Disposal of Old Equipment and used Batteries.



These symbols on the products, packaging, and/or accompanying documents mean that used electrical and electronic products and batteries should not be mixed with general household waste.

For proper treatment, recovery and recycling of old products and used batteries, please take them to applicable collection points, in accordance with your national legislation.

This amplifier should only be operated by persons who have an appropriate radio transmitting license.

You should observe your license conditions while using it in accordance with national legislation (power, band, transmission mode etc.).



UNPACKING

Remove the packing and carefully check the contents. Please look closely for the plastic pouch containing cables, fuses and connectors inside the box for your linear amplifier. If you find any damage or if there are any parts missing, contact your distributor/dealer immediately.

Keeping the shipping cartons for future transportation is recommended.

Accessories included in the carton

- a) Transport carry bag.
- b) Two cables with RCA (phono) connectors for ALC, RELAY links.
- c) One USB standard cable.
- d) Three connectors DB-15, 1 connector DB-9.
- e) CD-ROM containing the user manual and the software for remoting.
- f) One 20 A spare fuse.
- g) Spare air filter.
- h) Certificate of compliance and warranty form.





1. PANEL DESCRIPTION

1.1 Front Panel



- 1) ON
- turns on unit.
- 2) OFF turns off unit when held down for three seconds.
- 3) DISPLAY toggles between display pages.
- 4) POWER switches output power from "MAX / MID / LOW".
- 5) OP toggles back and forth between Standby/Operate modes.
- 6) SET used to program the amplifier.
- 7) $\mathbf{\nabla} \mathbf{b}$ used to program the amplifier.
- 8) \blacktriangleleft used to program the amplifier.
- 9) INPUT selects one of the two inputs of the amplifier.
- 10) **ABAND** switches bands manually (downward in frequency).
- 11) BAND► switches bands manually (upward in frequency).
- 12) ANT switches the antennas for every single band.
- 13) CAT shows the current CAT interface setting.
- 14) TUNE: starts the automatic tuning process.
- 15) **◄C** used for manual tuning.
- 16) C► used for manual tuning.
- 17) **◄L** used for manual tuning.
- 18) L► used for manual tuning.
- 19) TX red LED, illuminates during transmission.
- 20) OP yellow LED, illuminates when the amplifier is in "Operate" state.
- 21) ON green LED, illuminates when the amplifier is "ON".
- 22) SET green LED, illuminates during programming.
- 23) TUNE yellow LED, illuminates during tuning.
- 24) AL red LED, illuminates when there is an alarm.
- 25) LCD DISPLAY
- 26) AIR-FILTER GRID



1.2 **Rear Panel**



- 1) ANT connectors for four available antennas.
- 2) SO2R connector for SO2R operations.
- connectors to connect two exciters. 3) INPUT
- 4) FANS
- ALC, RELAY, CAT connectors for exciter 1. 5) IN 1 6) IN 2
 - ALC, RELAY, CAT connectors for exciter 2.
- 7) "PORT " connector.
- 8) "USB" connector.
- 9) "AUX" connector.
- 10) ON main switch.
- 11) AC mains power cable.
- 12) GND ground connection.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

(Read the specific chapters for more details).

2.1 Power supply

The amplifier uses a switching power supply that will automatically adapt to any voltage that is between 100 and 255 Vac.

The main switch [I/O] is located on the rear panel.

In the [O] position all the internal circuitry is powered off, in the [I] position (red led ON) some internal voltages are now present allowing for you to turn ON or turn OFF the linear amplifier in one of the following ways:

- a) Using the [ON]/[OFF] keys on the front panel.
- b) Applying / removing 9 -15 VDC on pin (8) of the CAT connector (see note below).
- c) Using the USB port and the management software. It is possible to download this software from the website <u>www.linear-amplifier.com</u>.
- Note: When turned ON, almost all transceivers output 13.8 VDC. With this voltage, the linear amplifier can be turned automatically ON / OFF at the same time as the transceiver.
- Note: The fuse is located inside the amplifier (remove the lower cover).

2.2 Input / Output

The linear amplifier has two inputs (INPUT 1, INPUT 2) to which you can connect two transceivers of any brand or type.

These inputs are selected with the [INPUT] key or automatically with the PTT of each transceiver.

The amplifier can manage up to four antennas (ANT 1, ANT 2, ANT 3, ANT 4). It selects the antennas automatically.

The SO2R functionality is implemented by its dedicated connector.

2.3 ALC/RELAY/CAT

There are two transceiver inputs (IN 1, IN 2), allowing two distinct transceivers to be connected at the same time.

ALC Is a negative voltage generated by the amplifier. It is used to control the output power of the transceiver (max. in STANDBY", the required power in "OPERATE").

In this way the power from the exciter will be regulated automatically without having to set it.

If the ALC port is not connected, it is very important to manually adjust the drive from the transceiver as overdriving can cause damage to the amplifier. **This link is highly recommended.**

RELAY **This essential link** allows the amplifier to be put in the transmit state.

To do that, it is necessary that the inner pin of the phono connector is switched to the signal ground. This is normally done by the transceiver with either a "close-to-ground" relay, or an open-collector transistor.



On the transceiver-side this link is often called SEND, PTT or TX GND. refer to your transceiver manual for more details.

CAT **This link is highly recommended**.

Thanks to this link the linear amplifier will detect, while in receive mode, the operating frequency of the transceiver and then automatically controls changes of band, antenna and automatic antenna tuner. All modern transceivers have CAT control. In older models, often the analog or digital information is sent for changing bands. The SPE Expert 1.3K-FA, thanks to an efficient frequency counter, constantly monitors and verifies data coming from the transceiver. This allows automatic management of bands, antennas and tuner in the following ways:

- a) In all recent transceivers through the CAT connection (HIGHLY RECOMMENDED).
- b) In the YAESU models that are not listed, or without CAT, through the "BAND DATA" interface.
- c) Configurations a) and b) are recommended. In older radios which do not have CAT or BAND DATA, through the internal frequency counter.
- Note: In case c) the CAT link with the transceiver is not needed because the frequency is detected from the transmitted signal. FOR THIS REASON, BECAUSE OF THE HIGH POWER IN USE, IN ORDER TO NOT DAMAGE THE LINEAR, WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND YOU TO CHANGE BANDS WITH THE LINEAR BEING SWITCHED TO THE STANDBY MODE. USE THE CONDITION c) ONLY IF CONDITIONS a) OR b) ARE IMPRATICABLE.
- Note: In some transceivers the "RELAY" and "CAT" signals are activated by menu selection: refer in this case to their user's manuals..



3. INTERCONNECTION WITH THE TRANSCEIVER



The diagram shows the connections with one transceiver only. To connect the second transceiver, repeat the same connections using the port "IN 2".

For the ALC and RELAY connections, use the shielded cable (supplied) with phono RCA connectors.

For the CAT connection, this cable needs to be made by the owner, or purchased, for the many different transceivers available to be connected.

This cable may also be made to include ALC, RELAY ON / OFF (read the "CAT CONNECTIONS" chapter of this manual).

For all other information about connecting a transceiver, please refer to the transceiver's manual.

Note: You should not use the separate RELAY and ALC phono connections if they have been implemented through the DB15 "CAT" connectors.



4. USE OF THE LINEAR AMPLIFIER



Block diagram.

The position of the contacts, as shown in the diagram, is the situation of the linear amplifier in the OFF state.

The linear amplifier can be used in the following way:

1) OFF	Only two direct connections are actuated:
	between INPUT 1 and ANT 1
	between INPUT 2 and SO2R
2) STANDBY	All the functions are activated (band change, antenna change, tuner control) and the transmission is from the transceiver only.
3) OPERATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•, • • • • • • •	linear amplifier.

Note: Regulation of the exciter's power is automatically achieved through the ALC link. With the ALC connected, the amplifier input power in OPERATE mode is automatically adjusted to the correct driving level for the amplifier. In STANDBY, the exciter will pass the output power as set by its POWER OUTPUT control. Without the ALC connection, you have to manually adjust the exciter power to correctly drive the amplifier **in order to avoid damaging the amplifier**.



4.1 SO2R (Single Operator Two Radio)



This kind of operation is used during a contest in order to acquire, as quickly as possible for example, a new multiplier.

The following connections are needed (see the diagram):

- 1. INPUT 1 connected to the first transceiver (RTX1).
- 2. INPUT 2 connected to the second transceiver (RTX2).
- 3. ANT 1/2/3/4 connected to the available antennas set.
- 4. SO2R connected to a multi-band antenna.

The operating mode could be the following:

If you are operating using RTX1 on a given band (e.g 20m), the correct antenna (ANT 1/2/3/4) is automatically selected for transmitting, while RTX2 is connected to the multiband antenna, in the RX mode, on another band (e.g. 40m).

If, when operating on 20 m, a multiplier of interest is heard on RTX2, the only action needed is to push the PTT2 in order to connect RTX2 to the 40 m main antenna, at the same time RTX1 gets switched to the multiband antenna in order to receive the 20 m band.

In place of the multiband antenna one of the antennas ANT 1/2/3/4 can be used, in such a case all of them must be monoband to avoid the risk of using the same antenna for RTX1 and RTX2..

A careful design is needed to avoid such a harmful situation which could be devastating for the receivers.

This possibility is available with the optional external unit "SPE SO2R1" according to the following diagram.





The SPE SO2R1 unit is controlled and powered from the AUX port of the 1.3K.

Note: The isolation between the transmitting antenna and the receiving antenna must be very high and, therefore, very well planned. Locating the antennas at some distance from each other, and using appropriate band-pass filters will help to achieve this. In this case, SPE is not responsible for any damage caused to equipment.

4.2 Band-Pass Filters Set "SPE BPF1"

To increase the isolation between the transmitting and the receiving antenna, SPE offers the optional unit "SPE BPF1" which must be placed between RTX1 and INPUT1 or RTX2 and INPUT 2 of the linear.

The unit is controlled and powered from the AUX port. (Contact factory or your distributor for availability).

The unit automatically enables the following features:

1) DXpedition, Contest Multi / Multi.

In this case the amplifier is connected to a single transceiver (INPUT 1 or INPUT 2). "SPE BPF1 automatically selects the filter on the band to be used in the input where the transceiver is connected, while the other unrelated input is left unused.





2) Contest SO2R.

In this case the amplifier is connected to two transceivers and two "SPE BPF1" in order to automatically select the right filters in the output of both the transceivers.



These features can be possible, as well, with the simultaneous use of the unit "SPE SO2R1, (use the AUX port with a Y cable).



To ensure the perfect functionality of these options, the use of the CATs is mandatory.

4.3 QSK (Full Break-In) Operation

The Expert 1.3K-FA also allows QSK (FULL BREAK-IN) operation. Thanks to the perfect control carried out on RX / TX switching relays, any possibility of "hot switching" is avoided.

This feature is compatible with all modern transceivers, in fact the minimum delay required before a transmission is usually less than 6 msec (check the manual of the transceiver).

In the case (very remote) of minor delay needed, you can use the link TX - INH (see "CAT" paragraph).

Special very reliable "noiseless" gold plated relays are used so that the "vacuum relays" option is no longer needed.

4.4 Tunable Antenna Control

The use of tunable antennas (SteppIR, Ultrabeam) is becoming popular. These antennas vary the physical dimensions of the elements according to the operating frequency in order to ensure a perfect resonance.

The Expert 1.3K-FA, through the dedicated "PORT" socket linked to the antenna controller, allows automatic control by tracking the tuning knob changes.

This dedicated link makes the following advantages possible:

- Simplification of wiring, such as the complication of adding additional wiring to the CAT connector is not necessary now.

- Compatibility with all types of CAT: The Expert 1.3K-FA converts the CAT protocol, so two different transceivers (CATs) can be used simultaneously with the same controller.

- Thanks to the frequency counter inside the linear, the antenna can be controlled also without the use of CAT.

All of the automatic features of the linear are ensured even in the most complex configurations. Such as, antennas of all kinds can be connected to the connectors "ANT" and the Expert 1.3K-FA will choose the antennas according to the set-up and will manage them according to their characteristics.

The CAT is recommended, however if the transceiver does not have the CAT or if it has only the "Band Data", the Expert 1.3K-FA will continue to drive the antenna with the frequency measured by the counter (data collected after the first transmission).

The simplest possible configuration is a single tunable antenna according to the following diagram :



The link is configurable for any position (ANT 1,2,3,4) you want use.

If you have several tunable antennas (up to 4) with their controllers, the optional unit "SPE CBU1" is needed according to the following diagram:





In this case you need to connect the unit control box outputs 1,2,3,4 respectively with ANT 1,2,3,4 antenna sockets.

For the selection of antennas, refer to the "TUN ANT" item on the main menu.

The communication protocol used to and from the control box is "Kenwood", the communication speed is "owner settable."

4.5 Setting Up a Single Antenna for Reception

In some cases it may be necessary to transmit with an antenna and receive with a more appropriate one.

A unique feature allows the Expert 1.3K-FA to set a receiving antenna and to control its automatic switching after a transmission starts.

For the selection of this antenna refer to the menu item "RX ANT".

The antenna number selected will appear followed by an "r" symbol (e.g, 3r).

It's possible to momentary disable the RX ANT by pressing the key ANT (firmware 11_10_17_C or newer).

With the linear turned OFF the INPUT1 is directly connected to ANT1. The selection of ANT1 as "RX ANT" is not permitted in order to avoid possible damage to the transceiver or to the receiving antenna if a receiving antenna (e.g. Beverage) is connected.



4.6 Two Possible Sets of Antennas

If one has two different QTH's, then they would certainly have two different antenna sets.

In such a case it would be useful to automatically recall data from one set to the other with no need to redo the configuration and the subsequent ATU matching, set the RX only antenna or the Tunable antenna every time.

The amplifier is equipped with two different memory banks, "Bank A" and "Bank B", which one can use to store the two different configurations.

This feature is particularly useful if you participate in a DXpedition.

If one of the memory banks is set as your home station, when you will come back, just recall the proper memory bank.

4.7 With or Without ATU

As the standard configuration, the amplifier comes with the ATU, so as to have the maximum flexibility of use,

In some cases (perfect antenna system or use of tunable antennas), the ATU may not be necessary. In order to reduce the initial price one can buy the Expert 1.3K-FA without the ATU (option).

If necessary, one can install the ATU later.

4.8 Can also be used on 5 MHz and 70 MHz

Where permitted, the Expert 1.3K-FA can provide the full power on 5 MHz (60 m.) and 300 W, with about 10 W input, on 70 MHz (4 m.).

It should be noted that, although permitted, these bands may have power limitation, follow the laws of the country in which one operates.

On 60 m. the ATU can be used, while on 4 m. the ATU this is always by-passed.



5. EXTERNAL GROUND CONNECTION

WARNING! Before connecting an external ground as described below, check with a qualified electrician that your national wiring codes permit such a connection.

To reduce TVI, BCI and other RF problems it is best to connect the amplifier to a good RF ground. (note that the RF ground is different to the electrical ground necessary for the prevention of electrical shock.)

The inductance of such a connection needs to be low, so the connection to ground should be as short and direct as possible. Large-section copper conductors should be used for this purpose. Terminating the earth connection with a small metal plate is suggested.

The best solution is to have several ground stakes, driven into the ground and these ground stakes need also to be tied to your main grounds.

Often good results can be achieved using correct earthing clamps, connected to the main water supply pipe (attention, many water pipes are now in plastic).

DO NOT use central heating pipe work.

AVOID the electric circuit ground of the building (to be used for 50/60 Hz safety only).

WARNING! DO NOT connect to gas pipes because there is danger of explosion !!



6. ANTENNA

Because this is a high-power amplifier, it is necessary to use properly rated antennas, connectors and feed line cables.

Take special care with antennas using baluns and traps, because balun and/or trap warming can occur during periods of high-power transmission and a high SWR most likely will result.

This dangerous situation is often not perceived by the operator because normally a measure of SWR is made when balun and antenna are not under stress or have cooled down. Ensure that your baluns or antenna traps are appropriately rated !

A unique feature of this linear is that, it not only measures the SWR after the band pass filter matching, but also the SWR of the system antenna and cable. This allows you to always evaluate your antenna system despite the matching and the power applied.

Without the ATU (option), always use antennas having SWR of 1.5:1 or less.

With the ATU, the amplifier is able to overcome some mismatches of 3:1 SWR or more. Be aware that, with the tuner, the PA is matched but with a high VSWR the cable is mismatched and there can be consequent loss of power, heating and high voltages present.

Always operate with the best possible matching because, despite the amplifier's protection against high SWR, continuous use into a mismatched load (a bit lower than the protection threshold) may lead to damage.

It is suggested that suitable static protection be given to antenna feeder cables.

The software allows you to select up to two antennas for the same band.

Note (for amplifiers without ATU): For a mismatch from 1.7:1 to 2:1 there is an alarm, above 2:1 the amplifier is automatically switched to STANDBY.

7. POWER SUPPLY (PSU)

The power supply of the SPE Expert 1.3K-FA, unique in its category, is switching with a PFC (Power Factor Correction) that allows a drastic reduction of the harmonic components in the mains in accordance with IEC555-2, that consists of two sources. The first powers all the electronic circuits, the PA excluded.

The second powers only the PA. Its output voltages are 48 VDC (MAX Pout), 38 VDC (MID Pout), and 32 VDC (LOW Pout).

This design was adopted as it provides maximum efficiency and therefore less heat to dissipate.

The power supply meets the following applicable standards: UL60950-1, TUV EN60950-1, EN55022, EN61000-3-2,-3, EN61000-4-2,3,4,5,6,8,11; ENV50204, EN5502.

Since the amplifier is sold all over the world, the power cord does not come with any mains plug. Some SPE distributors will fit the plug appropriate to your domestic supply network prior to purchase. Should it be necessary to rewire the plug due to relocation in a different country, please ask for advice from a qualified electrician.

To fit the plug (20 A minimum rating below 120V AC, 10A minimum rating above 120V AC) proceed according with the following fig.



You should observe all precautions in accordance with national legislation.

The amplifier is supplied by a power supply that automatically adapts between 100 and 255 VAC, 47-63 Hz.

In some particular cases, mains that are 100 to 120 VAC, the power in MAX may be reduced somewhat.

In the case of a "FATAL" alarm, the power supply is locked. To restore the linear, switch to OFF for about 30 seconds, via the rear switch, then back ON.



8. TUNER (ATU) – WHERE FITTED

The amplifier has an automatic tuner that handles load mismatches up to 3:1 VSWR (2.5:1 for 6 m).

The amplifier contains a look-up table with all the permitted bands.

For tuner management, antenna data and other working data are stored.

Every band has a sub-band set, and for each of those, data related to the antenna and auto-ATU tuning is stored.

The CAT and the frequency counter detect the operating frequency and the correct sub-band.

Due to the stored data, the tuner and the antenna are automatically set correctly.

As described earlier (see item 4.6), the amplifier has two different memory banks.

It is possible to use the two different presets when the amplifier operates at two different locations.

Furthermore, table-driven management is useful to inhibit operations of the amplifier. For example, when an antenna for a particular band is not available.

All auto-tuner functions remain, on standby, while using the transceiver only.

Setting of the match data to write to the tables is performed automatically by pressing the [TUNE] key. The system will then find the correct match for minimum SWR.

To achieve a better match than that achieved with the automatic tune procedure

(which is rather unlikely) it is possible to set the tuning manually by using the keys $[\triangleleft C], [C \blacktriangleright], [\triangleleft L], [L \blacktriangleright].$

When a manual tuning is performed, it is possible to read the tuning value, the working frequency and the associated sub-band on the appropriate screen page.

Both types of tuning are always implemented in the "STANDBY" state.

Before starting a matching process, the tuner measures the SWR of the system cable / antenna. if it is greater than 3.5:1, the procedure does not begin and an alarm is displayed.

It is possible to bypass the tuner with a specific command, in order to use an external tuner.

NEVER USE THE INTERNAL TUNER WITH AN EXTERNAL TUNER, IT COULD SERIOUSLY DAMAGE THE LINEAR.

IF YOU WANT TO USE AN EXTERNAL TUNER, THEN DISABLE THE INTERNAL ATU.

The internal tuner may be bypassed as follows:

- Totally.
- For single band.
- For single band and specific antenna.
- It is always automatically bypassed:
- With the only receiving antenna set.
- With tunable antenna set.
- On 70 MHz band.

Note: The tuner, like all analog circuits, introduces a loss (0.8 dB max.) that may vary with tuning conditions. The power meter of the amplifier does not show this loss as the



power is measured at the tuner input where the load resistance is always constant (50 ohm). Do not expect external power meters to match the displayed power.

Note: ATTENTION: When the amplifier is either in the "STANDBY" or in the "OPERATE" mode, always disable the automatic tuner in your transceiver.

Note: On the display, next to the number of the antenna in use, the following indications may appear. Below identifies those meanings (see specific chapters):

"b" = ATU bypassed.

"t" = tunable antenna.

"r" = receiving antenna.



9. **PROTECTIONS / ALARMS**

The SPE EXPERT 1.3K-FA has a sophisticated protection system that constantly monitors and controls the amplifier's most important parameters.

The main parameters are:

Temperature of the heatsink: max. / min. voltage on the PA; max. PA current; SWR; reflected power; max voltage RF on the tuner; input power.

The protection system is carried out in two different ways:

- 1) Through hardware circuits to ensure a minimum intervention time.
- 2) Through software, with a combined action of the two CPU's, to ensure the maximum precision.

The two results get constantly compared; every difference produces a protection trip and a consequent alarm.

There are three types of protections/alarms:

- a) SIMPLE This is the most common case. An acoustic warning beep sounds, but no operator intervention is required, as the control system automatically restores the correct operating conditions.
- b) SERIOUS When automatic system recovery is not possible (e.g. the temperature climbs over the limits due to obstruction of the fans, SWR is too high, etc.). In this case the amplifier switches back to the standby state and the alarm message gets stored. Normally transmission will continue with the exciter only.
- c) FATAL If the amplifier is in the b) state, but one CPU has a fault or it can't continue operating or some fault appears in the power-supply module, then the amplifier will be turned OFF with no further warning. To restart the amplifier, the main switch in the rear panel has to be switched to [O], and then to the [I] position.
 - Note: It is possible to read the alarm history in the standby mode using [SET] and then [ALARMS LOG] keys.To empty the alarm stack press [TUNE] and [OPERATE] keys together.

For further details, please consult the next paragraphs..

- Note: If the acoustic alarm is very frequent during transmission, the possible causes should be investigated.
- Note: Before the temperature limits are reached (75°C), the output power will change From MAX to MID automatically and then possibly from MID to LOW, so that transmission with the amplifier may continue with reduced power. If the temperature, in LOW, is allowed to rise further, a "SERIOUS" alarm will eventually be activated and the linear amplifier switches back to STANDBY.
- Note: During a SERIOUS alarm, there is an acoustic alarm for 10 sec. Pressing the [DISPLAY] key, the system switches back to 'STANDBY' state immediately and the sound stops.
- Note: ATTENTION : when a "FATAL" alarm occurs, immediately contact your reseller.



10. PROGRAMMING

The three keys: [SET], $[\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangle]$ and $[\lor \blacktriangleright]$, allow programming the amplifier. They can be used in the following way:

[SET] Use it to open a menu page, to validate choices and to exit from a menu page.

Use these keys to select options.

A green led illuminates during the programming process.

Programming the system is very easy. You will find your programming choices confirmed by the items shown at the lower part of the display.

Programming operations are only possible int he 'STANDBY' mode. Note: Note: Programming changes take effect only after exiting from a menu page (the green led turns off). Pressing the [DISPLAY] key for more than 1 sec. it will immediately exit to STANDBY with no programming effect.

10.1 Ways to operate

Pressing the [SET] key opens the menu page. On the display there are the following options:



a) ANTENNA: An appropriate antenna may be assigned to each band selecting the (ANT 1, ANT 2, ANT 3, ANT 4) connector.

If you don't have an antenna for a particular band, set to "NO".



This setup allows you to preset up to 2 antennas for the same band.

The selected antennas can be switched using the [ANT] key while working either in the "OPERATE" or in the "STANDBY" mode and there is no transmission in progress.

If you want to bypass the Tuner on a certain band and for a certain antenna, just press the [TUNE] key and you will see a "b" next to the box.

To remove the bypass just press [Tune] again.

b) CAT: Allows you to program the amplifier to accept control commands from specific transceiver types.

You should refer to your transceiver user manual to ensure that it is correctly programmed to handle such a link.



Choose the brand of transceiver or function.

For the proper link wiring, see "CONNECTIONS" in this manual.

-	NONE	Select this option when there isn't a link with the transceiver. Then, only the amplifier frequency counter will be used.
-	ICOM	Set to "CI-V" protocol. You also need to choose the baud rate, which is usually 9600.
-	KENWOOD YAESU	You have to choose the baud rate (almost always 9600). If you use the CAT connection (read the "CONNECTIONS" chapter of this manual), select the model of the transceiver and then select the baud rate (almost always 4800). If the model isn't in the list, select "Band Data" and read the "CONNECTIONS" chapter of this manual. For new transceiver models not listed, select FT 2000/9000
-	TEN-TEC	or try "Kenwood". Make the CAT connection (read the "CONNECTIONS"
		chapter of this manual) and follow the menu instructions.
-	FLEX-RADIO	Make the CAT connection (read the "CONNECTIONS"
-	ELECRAFT	chapter of this manual) and follow the menu instructions. Make the CAT connection (read the "CONNECTIONS" chapter of this manual) and follow the same indications as for KENWOOD.

Note: When using the CAT link, check that the baud rate of your transceiver is set to the same value as the amplifier.



c) MANUAL TUNE: Allows you to tune the amplifier manually. However achieving a better setting than that obtained by automatic tuning is very unlikely.



Set your exciter to transmit a continuous RTTY or CW signal. Then press the $[\blacktriangleleft L], [L \blacktriangleright], [\blacktriangleleft C], [C \blacktriangleright]$ keys until you obtain the minimum SWR.

The operating frequency and the sub-band are also shown on the Display.

- d) DISPLAY: Adjusts the backlight and the contrast of the display.
- e) BEEP: On : All acoustic warning alarms operate and a beep confirms a keystroke.
 - Off: In this condition, when you press a key there is no beep feedback. But for all worning conditions and alarms, the acoustic warnings are still functional.
- f) START: Stby: Sets STANDBY mode at startup.

Oprt: Sets OPERATE mode at startup.

- g) TEMP: C: Displays temperature readout expressed in Celsius degrees. f: Displays temperature readout express ed in Fahrenheit degrees.
- h) ALARMS LOG: Shows only the ten most recent "SERIOUS" alarms.
- i) TUN ANT: Allows you to associate a tunable antenna to one of four ANT connectors.
 A "t" highlights the selected antenna.
- j) RX ANT: Allows you to set a single receiving antenna.
- An "r" highlights the selected antenna.
- k) CONFIG: Select "BANK A" or "BANK B" (see item 4.6).



11. INITIAL OPERATION OF THE AMPLIFIER

Before turning ON the amplifier, **read this manual with care.** The following preliminary operations are necessary:

- 1) Be sure that the mains voltage is within the proper range of the amplifier's power supply requirements.
- 2) Connect the amplifier to a good ground circuit.
- 3) Connect the antennas.
- 4) Connect the amplifier to the transceiver (read the "CONNECTIONS WITH THE TRANSCEIVER" chapter of this manual).

Operate [I] the main switch on the back panel, and press the [ON] key on the front panel.

Select the INPUT for the transceiver, and always perform programming with the amplifier in STANDBY. If you change memory BANK you have to repeat this programming.

Note: You may have to repeat some programming if you change antenna, transceiver, etc.

Note: **ATTENTION:** The 'RELAY' and 'CAT' signals in some types of transceivers are only turned ON from a transceiver MENU. Refer to the user manual.

Note: **ATTENTION:** When the amplifier is in the 'STANDBY' and 'OPERATE' modes, always disable the transceiver's autotuner.

11.1 Initial Programming

You must carry out the next steps in the sequence below:

a) To Set Antennas:

Press [SET] and open the "ANTENNA" menu page.

Assign an appropriate antenna for the desired band. If you don't have an antenna for that band, input "NO".

When all the antennas are programmed, press [SET] to exit and go back to STANDBY.

b) to Set CAT:

Press [SET] and enter the "CAT" menu page.

Select the transceiver brand and progress with programming according to the type of connection between the amplifier and the transceiver (read the "CONNECTIONS" chapter of this manual).

At the end of programming, exit and go back into STANDBY.

To verify the correctness of your programming, press the [CAT] key, and all the data stored will appear on the display.

To verify the proper "CAT" operation, press [SET] and select "MANUAL TUNE".

When moving your transceiver's VFO you should see the same frequency on the display.

If set to "None", then transmitting briefly in RTTY or continuous key-down CW, will allow you to read the transmitted frequency on the display.

Then return to the STANDBY mode.



Similarly, if "BAND DATA" is connected, check that the amplifier follows band changes of the transceiver.

If it does not do so, then verify that your programming (or your link) has been correctly made.

c) Use of the Automatic Tuner (Internal ATU)

To complete the programming it is necessary to match the antennas to the amplifier by operating the "TUNE" function (read the "TUNER" chapter of this manual).

We recommend that you select each band (with proper antenna) and then program the tuner for the sub-bands within which you will operate.

Refer to the table in section 19 of this manual to select the appropriate subbands for your operating preferences.

You are strongly advised to proceed with the utmost accuracy, not just match the current frequency, but all the sub-bands that you are likely to use.

Matching all the antennas on all bands that are available, allows you to enjoy all the features of the automatic linear.

To program the sub-bands, proceed as follows:

- 1) For every band find the central frequency in the table of each sub-band (refer to section 19 of this manual). Then set the transceiver to that frequency.
- 2) Next, set your transceiver to transmit a continuous tone (RTTY or FM).
- 3) Then press the [TUNE] key and then the PTT. The procedure for automatic tuning will start. You will hear the ATU relays operate and when they stop, the SWR will be at a minimum. Sometimes it is possible to improve tuning by repeating this step.
- 4) Repeat the previous steps for all sub-bands of bands you wish to use.
- 5) Repeat the previous steps for other antennas of the same band after having selected it using the [ANT] key.
- Note: If the ALC link is not used, it is **very important** to reduce the transceiver power to about 30 Watts during this operation.

The initial programming concludes after steps a), b), c).



11.2 Operating

You should need to take only a few precautions when using the amplifier, thanks its high level of automation.

ALC and CAT links are highly recommended to be used.

If ALC is not used, SPE reminds you that it is better to lose a fraction of dB in transmitted power, by slightly reducing the driving power, than to over drive the amplifier and have a poor quality transmission.

During transmission always glance periodically at the parameters on the display. SPE has selected, designed and adjusted them with care for your use in monitoring your amplifier.

It's possible, when using the ALC link, that the transceiver be set to its maximum output power as the ALC will automatically reduce the driving power to the optimum driving level.

To reduce the linear output, if required, just switch the amplifier to "MID" or "LOW" with the [POWER] key.

Of course you may also continuously regulate the amplifier's output power by changing the level of drive power from your transceiver , even with the ALC connected.

It's possible to reduce the LOW power to a different level fo each band, down to about 250 Watts by using the arrow keys ($[\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangle]$ [$\lor \triangleright$]) during the transmission. This setting is saved in a non volatile memory. This function requires the ALC connected and the firmware 11_10_17_C or newer.

If an output power less than 1 KW or 500 Watts is desired, for best efficiency begin reducing drive from the "MID" or "LOW" power state. It is not recommended to reduce the drive while in MAX or MID to an output that is close to the next lower power.

Setting Driving Levels

- a) SSB : Regulate the "MIC GAIN" of the transceiver until, speaking normally into the microphone, the signal peaks on the display don't quite reach the maximum rated output power. Monitoring the transmission is a good way of checking your settings. If there is however some distortion, decrease the "mike gain" or decrease the power of the transceiver until a small reduction of the output power of the amplifier is seen.
- b) CW: In key down, you get the maximum output power automatically.
- c) RTTY: Digital modes, SSTV and FM, because all these mode have a very heavy duty cycle, you should not operate in "MAX". It is best to use the "MID" or "LOW" power settings.
 The sophisticated software ensures this operation.
- d) AM: This transmission mode radiates a continuous carrier which is 25% of its PEP value (e.g. 400W PEP AM = 100W carrier power). SPE recommends you always operate in 'MID' or "LOW" mode for AM. To get an output signal without distortion, proceed as follows: Transmit an AM carrier only. Then with your transceiver's "MIC GAIN" set to zero, advance the transceiver drive and do not exceed 25% of the maximum carrier output from the amplifier.



Then, speak into the microphone normally, setting the MIC GAIN of the transceiver until the peak output power, on speech peaks, is shown on the amplifier display to be no more than 0.8 KW or 400W. SPE suggests you monitor your transmission closely to check that the "MIC GAIN" setting is correct.

Note: If you choose to set the output power of the amplifier by varying the output power of the transceiver, the ALC connection may not be needed.

In this case you must be careful not to overdrive the amplifier to avoid distortion and Broadening of the channel (with the ALC, adjustment is automatic for maximum Linearity and Pout).

All functionalities remain the same, as does protection. You will probably need to reset your transceiver power to full power out when returning to STANDBY.

- Note: ATTENTION: Never stress the amplifier with long periods in key-down transmission, as this can stress the amplifier components. However, sophisticated Soft Ware avoids transmitting a continuous signal in the "MAX" condition for long periods by switching to "MID" power.
- Note: In SSB, use of high compression is not encouraged as this can cause a rapid increase in the temperature of the amplifier.



12. CONNECTIONS

12.1 CAT Connector

The pin outs are shown in the schematic below. The connections are the same for our 1K FA and 2K FA amplifiers.



pin n.	pin name	Description
1	RX 232	Used on KENWOOD and YAESU transceivers for the link with a
9	TX 232	RS-232 connection.
2	/ TX - INH	Open collector normally OFF, it stops transmission when grounded. (ON).
10	RX TTL	Used on Icom, KENWOOD and YAESU transceivers for the
3	TX TTL	CAT 5V TTL connection.
11	KEN TTL	Connect to GND if CAT 5V TTL KENWOOD connection.
4	GND	Signal ground.
12	RELAY	Connected in parallel with the RCA phono RELAY connector.
5	ALC	Connected in parallel with the RCA phono ALC connector.
13	TX - INH	Normally to gnd (550 ohm), it stops transmission when + 12V
6	DATA A	Bit A of Band Data (digital switch of band for YAESU).
14	DATA B	Bit B of Band Data (digital switch of band for YAESU).
7	DATA C	Bit C of Band Data (digital switch of band for YAESU).
15	DATA D	Bit D of Band Data (digital switch of band for YAESU).
8	REMOTE ON	Applying a voltage from 9 to 15 VDC, turns the amplifier ON.

Using the above information, an appropriate cable for your transceiver(s) may be constructed. Or you might wish to order a correctly made-up cable when you order your amplifier from your local distributor. New connectors are included with the amplifier.

The transceiver connectors (called "Radio" in the next diagram) are usually supplied with the transceiver.

For connections to the Radio connectors, please refer to the transceiver operating manual.

12.2 Icom

CAT CI-V Interface



This interface is standard for all the Icom models equipped with CAT. The cable always terminates into a 3.5 mm. mono plug.

It is possible to use a stereo plug according to the figure above.



12.3 Kenwood

CAT RS232 Interface



DB15 M

The Radio connector could be DB-9 or DB-25 male connector or female connector (read the specific manual). In the manual, also verify if the RTS–CTS link is necessary.

CAT 5V TTL Interface



The connector is described in the transceiver's manual. Verify if the RTS–CTS link is required by the transceiver.


12.4 Yaesu

CAT RS232 Interface



DB15 M

The radio connector may be a DB-9 or DB-25 male connector or female connector (read the specific manual). Verify from the manual if the RTS–CTS link is necessary.

CAT 5V TTL Interface



The connector is described in the transceiver's manual. Verify if the RTS–CTS link is required by the transceiver.



BAND DATA Interface



DB15 M

Using Band Data, instead of CAT, use the four digital signals (Band A, Band B, Band C, Band D) from the transceiver. Refer to the transceiver's manual.

12.5 Ten – Tec, Flex-Radio, Elecraft

CAT RS232 Interface





The radio connector may be a DB-9 or DB-25 male connector or female connector (read specific manual). Verify from the manual if the RTS–CTS link is required.

ALC with Flex-Radio.

Since all Flex-Radio equipments has no an analog ALC input, the maximum power limits for the transceiver must be programmed in order to avoid the EXPERT's overdrive protection system intervention.

These settings have to be done while in **OPERATE Mode** according to the following.

For every ham band three settings are allowed (storage memories):

One setting for MAX mode. One setting for MID mode. One setting for LOW mode.

The following table shows an overall vision of these settings:

Band	160 m	80 m	60 m	40 m	30 m	20 m	17 m	15 m	12 m	10 m	6 m
MAX	Preset										
WAA	Max										
MID	Preset										
IVILU	Mid										
LOW	Preset										
LOW	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

The user has to set, for every band of interest, the power limit concerning the input power needed. To do that, using the keyboard, he must set a parametric value having the format "[PC=xxx]" (where xxx is a numerical value having a range from 000 to 100 which represents the transceiver's power output expressed in percentage).

This value will appear just over the BAND label of the Status Bar.

This value is related to the tuned band and to the selected power modes of MAX, MID and LOW.

The following picture shows (as an example) **Power Control** of the **20 m** band and in **MAX** power mode:



Pressing the arrow keys ($[\blacktriangleleft \blacktriangle]$ [$\lor \triangleright$]) this value can be decremented/incremented until it reaches the desired value. At the completion of this operation, a time-out period

(about 3 seconds) must be allowed for the "[PC=xxx]" indication to expire before another adjustment can be made.

The following picture is an example of the **Power Control** setting relative to the same band (**20 m**), but using the **LOW** mode selection instead.



Once the correct preset has been adjusted, initiate the TX mode (RTTY, CW) to verify the output power.

ATTENTION! It is strongly recommended to start with a low preset value (e.g. 10) and progressively increase its value. This is to avoid overdriving the linear amplifier.

The following empty table is suggested as a template for the FlexRadio user's Power Control adjustments.

Band	160 m	80 m	60 m	40 m	30 m	20 m	17 m	15 m	12 m	10 m	6 m
МАХ											
MID											
LOW											

12.6 Transceivers of other Brands

A special link is not necessary as the internal amplifier frequency counter will measure the input frequency and will control the amplifier.

Note: WARNING, SPE is not responsible for any failure resulting from misuse of hardware interfacing.



13. OTHER CONNECTIONS

On the CAT connector, in addition to the CAT signals, the ALC and RELAY signals are repeated. REMOTE ON, /TX–INH, TX–INH are also available.

If you use this connector to connect the ALC and RELAY lines, the separate phono cables are not recommended. It is possible also to turn the amplifier on / off by turning on / off the transceiver using the REMOTE ON function.

The following diagrams shows how to integrate all transceiver control connections to the DB15 amplifier connector for ALC and PTT, plus REMOTE ON, /TX-INH and TX-INH. Check the transceiver manual for terminating that end of the cable.



13.1 ALC, Relay Connections









13.3 Connections / TX-INH, TX-INH

All modern transceivers have a delay before the transmission to allow the linear to stabilize their relays avoiding damage to the contacts as a result of "Hot Switching".

The Expert 1.3K-FA has a settling time of less than 6 msec compatible with all modern transceivers (see the manual of the transceiver).

Some transceivers have an input (called TX-INHIBIT, LINEAR, MUTE, etc..) which disables the transmission.

This input can be used with transceivers that do not have such delay or, more generally, to improve the safety of switching.

The Expert 1.3K-FA has two outputs that can be connected to the TX-INHIBIT of the transceiver:

a) TX-INH, usually gnd (550 ohm), stops the transmission when at a + 12VDC.

b) / TX-INH, open collector normally OFF, stops the transmission when this line goes to ground (ON).

To choose a) or b) as well as to enable the TX-INHIBIT input , refer to the manual of the transceiver.

TX-INH Link





/TX-INH Link



Note: WARNING, SPE is not responsible for any failure resulting from misuse of hardware interfacing.



13.4 AUX Connector

This connector provides data about the bands currently being switched on both INPUTs, indicating which input is connected to the antenna ANT 1/2/3/4 and which is connected to the SO2R socket.

In this way you can know which one of the two transceivers is currently connected to the switched output antenna and when it is in transmission etc.



Pin n.	Pin name	Description
3	BIT A1	BIT A INPUT 1
5	BIT B1	BIT B INPUT 1
7	BIT C1	BIT C INPUT 1
9	BIT D1	BIT D INPUT 1
11	/ EN 1	INPUT 1 0 = not connected with ANT, 1 = connected with ANT
13	/ RLY 1	INPUT 1 0 = TX state 1 = RX state
1	GND	GND
4	BIT A2	BIT A INPUT 2
6	BIT B2	BIT B INPUT 2
8	BIT C2	BIT C INPUT 2
10	BIT D2	BIT D INPUT 2
12	/ EN 2	INPUT 2 0 = not connected with ANT, 1 = connected with ANT
14	/ RLY 2	INPUT 2 0 = TX state 1 = RX state
2	GND	GND
15	+ 12 Vcc	OUT + 12 VDC 0.2 A max.

Each output is an open collector.

Note: WARNING, SPE is not responsible for any failure resulting from misuse of hardware interfaces.



13.5 PORT Connector

This connector provides:

a) Data about the ANT port in use (each output is open collector).

b) RS 232 port for connection to a controller of a tunable antenna.

c) RS 232 port for remoting use (as an alternative of USB port).



Pin n.	Pin name	Description
1	BIT A	BIT A antenna in use
6	BIT B	BIT B antenna in use
9	BIT C	BIT C antenna in use
5	GND	GND
2	RXD	RS232 port Tunable Antenna
3	TXD	RS232 port Tunable Antenna
7	TX_232 (formerly RTS)	RS232 port Remoting use
8	RX_232 (formerly CTS)	RS232 port Remoting use
4	+ 12 VDC	+ 12 VDC 0.2 A max.

When connecting to a control box of a tunable antenna a suitable cable should be wired.

SteppIR cable:





Ultrabeam cable:



Note: WARNING, these types of antennas, sometimes need several seconds to adjust to resonance..

Transmitting with high power while the antenna elements are still moving may cause damage to the antenna and the linear.

To avoid this danger you can utilize some circuitry that inhibits the PTT during the movement of the motors, such as "tuning relays" that are available from the antenna manufacturers.

This solution is highly recommended!!!

Serial connection to a standard PC RS-232 port for remoting use



Note: WARNING, SPE is not responsible for any failure resulting from misuse of hardware interfaces.

14. TRANSCEIVER CONTROLLED WITH A PC

If the transceiver is controlled with a PC using the CAT utility, the link with the amplifier can be made as described in the following paragraphs.

Note: BEWARE, SPE assures only the direct connection between the Linear and the transceiver.

The use of external control software could create malfunctions that must be resolved by the provider of such software and is totally the responsibility of the owner/operator.



14.1 Icom CI-V Interface

The plug from the amplifier should be connected to a CI–V port of the CT17 or similar device. The transceiver should be connected to another CI–V port.

The following types of connections as described in sections 14.2, 14.3 and 14.4 are common for Kenwood, Yaesu, TEN-TEC, Flex-Radio and ELECRAFT links. The DB-15 connector side of the amplifier remains the same. On the opposite side of the cable, it is necessary to connect only the GND and RX 232 (RX TTL) to the cable PC / Radio.

In this way, the interrogation to the transceiver is no longer requested by the linear but is requested by the PC. The linear analyzes only the data exchanged.

In this case, DO NOT CONNECT the TX 232 (TX TTL) of the linear because it would create conflict in the software and could damage the hardware as well. (see following figures)



14.2 RS232 Interface



14.3 5V TTL Kenwood Interface







14.4 5V TTL Yaesu Interface

Note: WARNING, SPE is not responsible for any failure resulting from misuse of hardware interfaces.



15. USE OF THE USB / RS232 PORTS

Through the USB / RS232 ports on the rear panel it is possible to interface the amplifier with a PC.

Two features are possible:

- a) To remote the linear.
- b) To download newer and updated firmware releases.

The USB port is recommended in order to directly link the linear with a PC. In this case the Soft Ware "**KTerm_1.3K_USB**" must be used.

The RS232 port (see "13.5 PORT Connector") is more suitable for Internet use. In this case the Soft Ware "**KTerm_1.3K_232**" must be used. It is not proper to use both ports simultaneously !! Use is restricted to being used by only one port at a time. These programs can be downloaded from <u>www.linear-amplifier.com</u>.

Note: For Internet use, please refer to the manual of the remoting equipment.



15.1 Remote Control

The software provided allows one to display two separate windows.

The first window provides an exact copy of the display and is adjustable in size to fit any need on the control screen.

The second window provides a copy of the keyboard. When not in use, it may disappear to make space on that screen.

KTerm_USB - File View He	lp	375	750 1:	125 150	10		
PA OL	JT 🖬	2,5		7.5 50	1388		
I PA					38.8		
IN 2	BAND 40 m	ANT	CAT ICOM	out Max	SWR 1.00	TEMP 29°C	
ON-LINE F3	8 W: 733 H: 20	5 USB_ID:	Not enabled	JSB: Keypad		<i>ħ</i>	
				NT <u>A</u> NT a L			± ▶ 0 <u>N</u>
			<u> </u>	AND BAND 4 C	<u>c</u>	POWER CAT	<u>S</u> ET O <u>E</u> F
			A	TUNE SET	TUNE	<u>O</u> PERATE	OP TX

This software allows the same operation as when standing in front of the amplifier.

See "Appendix 1" on this manual.

15.2 Download

The sophisticated design of the Expert 1.3K-FA allows you to download any new versions of Soft Ware from the following site:

www.linear-amplifier.com

Please follow the easy and intuitive steps on "Appendix 1".



16. MAINTENANCE

The Expert 1.3K-FA linear amplifier does not need internal maintenance because it has a cover without ventilation holes. Since HV tubes are not used, the natural attraction to dust is eliminated. Therefore the user only needs to periodically check and clean the air filter on the front panel.

The frequency of air filter inspection depends how dusty the amplifier location is and how much it is used. We recommend monthly cleaning of the filter. Twice yearly cleaning of the fans with a soft brush is also recommended.

To clean the filter

- a) Remove the front grid cover with the two small screws. Place small screws in a secure place. DO NOT LOSE THEM.
- b) Remove the filter and clean it with care.
- c) Reassemble the filter and the grid after having carefully cleaned the mechanical structure that includes them. Dry filter before re-installing.
- Note: Check the filter if an unexpected rise of temperature of the linear is noticed.
- Note: Never operate without the filter, as dust could be deposited on the surface of the heatsink limiting its ability to cool.
- Note: To allow the most efficient heat-dissipation of the power amplifier circuits, large copper parts have been used.



17. CHARACTERISTICS / SPECIFICATIONS

- The smallest in its class:

Built-in Power supply and Automatic Antenna Tuner..

Dimension: L 28, H 12, P 38 cm (11.02" W,. 4.72" H, 14.96" D) (connectors included).

Approx. weight without ATU is about 7.5 Kg.(16.5lbs). With ATU about 9,5 Kg (20.9 lbs).

- The most technologically advanced in the world:

Two powerful CPUs are used.

Over 30,000 lines of software, for performance that cannot be found in any other amplifier.

- Fully Automatic:

Easy connection with all models "ICOM, YAESU, KENWOOD, TEN-TEC, FLEX-RADIO, ELECRAFT" for immediate management of the bands, tuner and antennas.

Same performance with all makes and some homemade rigs.

The operator has to only move the "Frequency Tuning Knob" of the transceiver !!

- Wide frequency coverage:

1.8 MHz to 50 MHz including WARCs.

Where permitted 60 m. full power and 300 W typ. on 4 m. (70 MHz).

. Fully solid state:

Up to 1.5 (1.3 typ.) KW pep SSB, CW out; 50 MHz included.

MAX, MID (800 W) or LOW (450 W) power selected according to the operator's SSB/CW power requirement, for digital modes and for linear protection (automatic).

No warmup time, immediately ready!

Virtually limitless life of the amplification device. Only one LD / MOSFET used.

- Automatic Antenna Tuner built-in:

Capable of matching 3:1 SWR on HF, and 2.5:1 SWR on 6 meters.

Capable of program controlling 4 antennas (SO239 connectors).

Program up to 2 antennas for each band.

Management of SteppIR / Ultrabeam antennas (tunable).

Also measures the SWR of the antenna and cable system.

Bands, Antennas, Tuning conditions are changed in 10 msec.

Bands, Antennas and Tuning conditions are managed so that in "STBY", only the exciter is passed through to the output.

Max. attenuation 0.8 dB.

ATU bypass capable.

- Available without ATU allowing significant savings.

- SO2R.
- Two inputs available:
 - SO239 connectors.
- High power gain (up to 14.5 dB): In "OPERATE" the required drive power is automatically set with the ALC connection. And in "STANDBY" the exciter is



automatically reset to full power.

- Very clean and low distortion output:

Spurious emissions FCC compliant. 3rd order distortion (two tone test) from -30 to -35 dB typ.

- Input 50 ohm always perfectly matched:

The same protection is realized in two different ways:

- Via hardware circuits (HW) to assure great speed.
- Via the software (SW), to assure great accuracy.

Thanks to the sophisticated software, the <u>transmit relay changeover is carried out</u> with zero current on the contacts.

- Full break-in operation (QSK).

- Quiet operation:

Linear management of the speed of the cooling fans of the heatsink. The amplifier develops a significant amount of heat that must be removed. Therefore, every precaution is used to keep the fan noise at the lowest possible level. Fan noise is significantly lower than with tube type amplifiers.

- Continuous use:

"MAX" mode: SSB / CW unlimited.

Automatically switches to "MID" if in "MAX" a continuous signal (RTTY) is transmitted for more than 15 sec.

"MID" and "LOW" modes, RTTY unlimited.

- Switching power supply:

Continuously operable at inputs between 100 – 255 Vac, 47-63 Hz. (100-120 Vac may cause slightly reduced output power). PFC (Power Factor Correction).

- The linear can be switched ON / OFF by switching the exciter ON / OFF.

- Fully remotable.

- With a large LCD display, it is possible to have a great deal of information:

Watts pep out, Vpa, Ipa, Watts, Power gain, Temperatures, SWR (after and before the ATU), Input setting, CAT setting, Band and other indications including the alarms log.

- Easy to operate:

Powerful and sophisticated software gives you a user-friendly unit.

- USB / RS232 ports:

For remote control.. For new software releases download.

- Easy transportation:

A sturdy, nice looking carry-bag is supplied for "QSY, FIELD DAY, DX' PEDITIONS etc.".

- Certifications:

CE, FCC.

N.B. These specifications are subject to change without notice.



18. DIAGNOSTICS.

During normal operation, this sophisticated monitoring system continuously monitors several measurements directly acquired from internal test-points.

When a dangerous situation occurs, a "serious" alarm message is raised and the amplifier is switched from **OPERATE** to **STANDBY**.

The user can either restore immediately the **Main Display Page** by pressing the **[DISPLAY]** key or wait for the visual alarm time-out expiration (about 10 seconds).

The following table shows all the system's alarm messages that are recorded in the **Alarm History** stack:

Message	Description
SWR EXCEEDING LIMITS	Protection for SWR greater than 3:1.
INPUT OVERDRIVING	Protection for excessive input power.
EXCESS OVERHEATING	Protection because the internal temperature has exceeded safe limits.

The following table shows all the dynamic warning messages that are **not** recorded in the Alarm History stack:

Message	Description
BAND NOT PERMITTED	Band not allowed or not set.
ANTENNA NOT AVAILABLE	Antenna not set.
TX ANTENNA NOT AVAILABLE	In the selected band is set only an antenna for reception.
STEADY OUTPUT POWER EXCEEDING LIMITS	Appears when a continuous signal is transmitted in "MAX". After 15 sec. the amplifier will switch automatically to "MID".
INTERNAL OVERHEATING	Appears when the internal temperature reaches 75 °C (167 °F). The amplifier automatically switches to the next lowest power level.
HIGH SWR ANTENNA: TUNING NOT ALLOWED	When the antenna SWR is over 3.5:1, the auto tuner is disabled.
ATU BYPASS: TUNING NOT ALLOWED	Since the tuner is bypassed, it is not possible to match automatically or manually.
NO INPUT POWER: TUNING HALTED	The tuner can not work at such a low input power.
CAN'T SWITCH-OFF: POWER HELD BY REMOTE	The amplifier does not turn OFF by the keyboard because it is kept ON by a remote device (transceiver or USB port).
AMPLIFIER PROTECION	In all remaining cases.



19. TABLE

BAND TABLE, SUB-BAND, CENTRAL FREQUENCY SUB-BAND

	[0] 1785	[1] 1795	[2] 1805	[3] 1815	[4] 1825	[5] 1835
160 m	[6] 1845	[7] 1855	[8] 1865	[9] 1875	[10] 1885	[11] 1895
160 m	[12] 1905	[13] 1915	[14] 1925	[15] 1935	[16] 1945	[17] 1955
	[18] 1965	[19] 1975	[20] 1985	[21] 1995	[22] 2005	[23] 2015
	[24] 3470	[25] 3490	[26] 3510	[27] 3530	[28] 3550	[29] 3570
	[30] 3590	[31] 3610	[32] 3630	[33] 3650	[34] 3670	[35] 3690
80 m	[36] 3710	[37] 3730	[38] 3750	[39] 3770	[40] 3790	[41] 3810
	[42] 3830	[43] 3850	[44] 3870	[45] 3890	[46] 3910	[47] 3930
	[48] 3950	[49] 3970	[50] 3990	[51] 4010	[52] 4030	
	[53] 5013	[54] 5038	[55] 5063	[56] 5088	[57] 5113	[58] 5138
60 m	[59] 5163	[60] 5188	[61] 5213	[62] 5238	[63] 5263	[64] 5288
60 m	[65] 5313	[66] 5338	[67] 5363	[68] 5388	[69] 5413	[70] 5438
	[71] 5463	[72] 5488				
	[73] 6963	[74] 6988	[75] 7013	[76] 7038	[77] 7063	[78] 7088
40 m	[79] 7113	[80] 7138	[81] 7163	[82] 7188	[83] 7213	[84] 7238
	[85] 7263	[86] 7288	[87] 7313	[88] 7338		
30 m	[89] 10075	[90] 10125	[91] 10175			
20 m	[92] 13975	[93] 14025	[94] 14075	[95] 14125	[96] 14175	[97] 14225
20111	[98] 14275	[99] 14325	[100] 14375			
17 m	[101] 18075	[102] 18125	[103] 18165			
15 m	[104] 20975	[105] 21025	[106] 21075	[107] 21125	[108] 21175	[109] 21225
10 11	[110] 21275	[111] 21325	[112] 21375	[113] 21425	[114] 21475	
12 m	[115] 24891	[116] 24963	[117] 25038			
	[118] 28050	[119] 28150	[120] 28250	[121] 28350	[122] 28450	[123] 28550
10 m	[124] 28650	[125] 28750	[126] 28850	[127] 28950	[128] 29050	[129] 29150
	[130] 29250	[131] 29350	[132] 29450	[133] 29550	[134] 29650	[135] 29750
	[136] 49875	[137] 50125	[138] 50375	[139] 50625	[140] 50875	[141] 51125
6 m	[142] 51375	[143] 51625	[144] 51875	[145] 52125	[146] 52375	[147] 52625
	[148] 52875	[149] 53125	[150] 53375	[151] 53625	[152] 53875	[153] 54125

Note: [sub-band] Central frequency (KHz).



20. APPENDIX 1 - REMOTE CONTROL

Overview:

With reference to that described in Section 15. "**USE OF THE USB / RS 232 PORTS**", this appendix contains the following sections:

SW installation KTerm_USB.exe usage KTerm_232.exe usage Firmware update

The host PC must have a minimum of a correctly installed Windows XP operating system, or a newer release of Microsoft's operating system such as Windows Vista, Windows 7, with a typical minimum of RAM and hard disk space.

20.1 SW (Software) installation.

The installation package is contained in a compressed **.ZIP** archive named "**KTerm_Package_1_0.zip**" which requires to be expanded into a work folder and then processed as described. This package is included in the accessory CD or can be downloaded from our website at <u>www.linear-amplifier.com</u>.

Once the compressed archive **KTerm_Package_1_0.zip** has been stored into a work folder, it must necessarily be expanded; that is all. the files therein contained must be extracted and properly placed into the host system.

In this example the compressed archive **KTerm_Package_1_0.zip** has been placed into a folder named **tmp** which is, in turn, located on the local disk unit **C**: as shown in the picture below:

🍌 tmp			_	
G 🖓 🗸 🕻 🗸 Compute	r ▼ Local Disk (C:) ▼ tmp ▼	👻 🛃 🛛 Search tmp		2
File Edit View Tools	Help			
Organize 👻 浸 Open 🤜	New folder		= -	0
🚖 Favorites 📥	Name 🔺	Date modified	Туре	Size
🧮 Desktop	🚮 KTerm_Package_1_0	7/5/2014 09:15	Compressed (zipp	3
📜 Downloads				
🗐 Recent Places				
_	•			►

Next step is the archive expansion. This can be obtained by selecting the filename and then right-clicking over it. A local menu will appear, with **Extract All...** this process will automatically sort unzip and sort the files:



Pavorites Name * Date modified Type Size Desktop Desktop Open Open Size Downloads Open in new window Extract All Image: Avoid Shredder Open with Recent Places Image: Avoid Shredder Open with Recent Places Image: Avoid Shredder Open with Send to Image: Avoid Shredder Open with Recent Places Image: Avoid Shredder Open with Cut Copy Create shortcut Delete Rename Delete Rename Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Browse Browse Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: Browse Browse Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: Browse Browse Image: Show extracted files when complete Image: Show extracted files when complete Browse Image: Show extracted files when complete	rganize 👻 👸 Open 👻 New folder	
Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files	Favorites Favorites	Open ssed (zipp Open in new window Extract All AVG Shredder Open with Restore previous versions Send to Cut Copy Create shortcut Delete
Files will be extracted to this folder: C:\tmp\KTerm_Package_1_0 Browse		
	Extract Compressed (Zipped) Folders	×
	Image: Select a Destination and Extract Files Files will be extracted to this folder: C:\tmp\KTerm_Package_1_0	

The default destination folder is good for this use, so complete this operation by using the **<u>Extract</u>** key as shown in the picture above.

This step reveals a new uncompressed folder, having the same name of the original compressed one contained in the installation package.

Everything is contained in our work folder as shown in the picture above:



Once opened, the C:tmp\KTerm_Package_1_0 folder will show the following contents:

		Internet I		
) 🕖 📕 🕶 Local Di	sk (C:) ▼ tmp ▼ KTerm_Package_1_0 ▼	👻 🌇 Searc	ch KTerm_Package_1_0	2
File Edit View Tools	Help			
Organize 👻 Include in	library 👻 Share with 👻 New folder		835 1	- 🔟 🕜
📔 My Pictures 🔄	Name 🔺	Date modified	Туре	Size
My Videos Saved Games	📕 FT_232_RL	7/5/2014 10:59	File folder	
Searches	🚳 ftd2xx.dll	10/22/2009 17:17	Application extens	202 K
Computer	KTerm_232	7/4/2014 17:06	Application	558 K
Compater	KTerm_USB	7/4/2014 17:07	Application	555 KI

Where:

FT_232_RL is a folder containing the USB drivers and an automatic installation program, which must be run just once to prepare the operating environment which sorts out everything needed, such as the USB drivers and their support files on the Windows host system.

KTerm_USB.exe is the remote control application that can be launched only after having installed the USB drivers properly.

ftd2xx.dll is a support library file for the KTerm_USB.exe application. It must be accessible by KTerm_USB.exe application, so it is required to be either manually copied into the same folder of the application or into another system-wide folder (e.g. C:Windows\System32, which is one of the most used repositories for libraries and application support files.

KTerm_232.exe is the remote control application specially designed to establish a connection using the devoted RS-232 serial port which is available on the rear panel of the linear amplifier. This application does not require any preparation related to FT_232_RL drivers, since it uses the proprietary Windows resources.

→	(Term_Package_1_0 ✓ FT_232_RL ✓	🔻 🔯 Searc	h FT_232_RL	
File Edit View Tools	: Help			
Organize 👻 Include in	ibrary 🔻 Share with 👻 New folder		855	- 🔟 🔞
🔓 My Pictures 🔺	Name 🔺	Date modified	Туре	Size
My Videos	L CDM20600	7/5/2014 09:47	File folder	
Baved Games Searches	🚳 ftd2xx.dll	10/22/2009 17:17	Application extens	202 K
Computer	ftd2xx	10/29/2008 17:59	H File	23 KI
	ftd2xx.lib	7/2/2014 17:46	LIB File	9 KI

Once opened, FT_232_RL folder will show the above contents



A very important part of the installation procedure is the **CDM20600** folder, which contains among the other files, the **CDM20600.exe** Windows application as highlighted in the picture below:

🗿 🔵 🗢 📕 🗕 🕞	Package_1_0 ▼ FT_232_RL ▼ CDM20600 ▼	👻 🔯 🛛 Seard	ch CDM20600	
File Edit View Tools	Help			
Organize 👻 <u>ज</u> Open	New folder		Î	• 🔟 🔞
📑 Saved Games 🔺	Name 🔻	Date modified	Туре	Size
Searches	CDM20600	12/31/2009 11:47	Application	2,291 K
Property Computer	CDM 2.06.00 WHQL Certified	12/31/2009 11:19	Compressed (zipp	877 K
Local Disk (C:)	🕑 CDM 2 06 00 Release Info	12/31/2009 11:50	Rich Text Format	58 K
LOCALDISK (D:)	AN232R-03 DriverPreInstallation	12/31/2009 11:21	Adobe Acrobat D	225 K

This application has been specially designed for a correct installation of the specific **FTDI** USB drivers.

So, <u>remove any physical link between the EXPERT 1.3K-FA and the PC for now</u>. Then double-click over the "red ball" icon of **CDM20600.exe** application and wait for its preparatory job to be completed.

As soon as **CDM20600.exe** starts running, a DOS window similar to one shown in following picture will pop-up for several seconds then disappearing after its automatic preparatory job is completed.



The next step is to connect the PC and the EXPERT 1.3K-FA by using the equipped USB cable and waiting for the identification of the newly created USB connection. A notification window will pop-up as shown in the picture below.



Driver Software Installation		—
Your device is ready to use		
USB Serial Converter USB Serial Port (COM4)	Ready to use Ready to use	
		Close

The USB port installation and its setting is now complete.

Now that this fundamental step has been successfully completed, the application **KTerm_USB.exe** remote control application can be launched.

For this purpose a back-step to the starting uncompressed folder **KTerm_Package_1_0** must be performed and double-click on the application filename, as indicated in the picture below

- Andrews	ch KTerm_Package_1_0	
	855	- 🔟 🔞
Date modified	Туре	Size
7/5/2014 10:59	File folder	
10/22/2009 17:17	Application extens	202 K
7/4/2014 17:06	Application	558 K
7/4/2014 17:07	Application	555 K
	7/5/2014 10:59 10/22/2009 17:17 7/4/2014 17:06	Date modified Type 7/5/2014 10:59 File folder 10/22/2009 17:17 Application extens 7/4/2014 17:06 Application

Note: Do not forget that **KTerm_USB.exe** requires full accessibility to the ftd2xx.dll application extension. So, in case the application itself gets copied into another work folder, please correct that action. A good practice is to copy both **KTerm_USB.exe** and **ftd2xx.dll** into the same work folder.



20.2 KTerm_USB.exe usage

To test, connect the USB cable from the PC and the linear and double-click on the application's icon (the USB icon symbol), by using the mouse left-button, just to see if everything works fine.

It is a good idea to create a link to the application on the desktop. As a result the applications main window will show up, as in the following picture:

KTerm_USB - Rel. 1.0.1	_ 🗆 🗙
File View Help	
W: 733; H: 205	
ON-LINE F3 W: 733 H: 205 USB_ID: Not enabled	

This is the main window of **KTerm_USB.exe** application.

It is a realistic reproduction of the **EXPERT 1.3K-FA** LCD display, and it is also equipped with a pop-up virtual keypad having almost the same look and feel as the real keypad placed on the front panel of the linear amplifier.

To activate/deactivate this keypad the user must check/uncheck the <u>View/KeyPad</u> On/Off menu item as shown in the following screen snapshot:

File	View Help		 -
	Home display & keypad Ctrl+H Park keypad near display Ctrl+N		
	Basic keypad On/Off Ctrl+J		
	Display Preset 1 F1 Display Preset 2 F2		
	 ✓ Display Preset 3 F3 Display Preset 4 F4 Display Preset 5 F5 		
10		JD: Not enabled	
	_USB: Keypad	X	
Terr	_озв: кеурац		
		DISPLAY ◀ : ± ► ON POWER CAI SET OFF	

The <u>View</u> menu also contains five items related to the application window size presets which can be either selected by the menu itself or by their equivalent [F1 \dots F5] shortcut keys.

Feel free to test all the <u>View</u> menu options in order to find an optimal and comfortable vision of the display main window.



The display window can easily be resized. That is, either enlarged or reduced by acting on the right-bottom corner of the window. Also by using the mouse as shown in the picture above and in the same way as any other window-resizing operation. In case the user wants to restore the original size-preset lying behind any [F1...F5] key, you must select the **Fx** preset and, then, press the **Ctrl+Fx** key combination on his PC keyboard.



When **KTerm_USB.exe** gets launched an automatic **Connect** command also starts and if a USB link to the linear amplifier was already active, it should have shown a result similar to the picture sequence above.

In case this doesn't happen, there's also a chance to try connecting by using the **<u>File/Connect</u>** menu item (or by using its equivalent **Ctrl+Q** shortcut key...).

The final visual result will be a "bright backlight" display and a function-keys enabling of the virtual keypad.



In case the **EXPERT** linear is already switched on, after the connection established by **KTerm_USB.exe**, an immediate update on the current display contents will result. However, if the **EXPERT** linear was already switched off, it would be turned on by using the **[ON]** virtual key on the application keypad.

Similarly, all the other virtual keypad keys perform the same actions as their equivalent mechanical keys forming the real front panel keyboard of the **EXPERT 1.3K-FA**.

ile View Help Home display & keypad Ctri+H Park keypad nor display Ctri+N Basic keypad On/Off Ctri+J Full keypad On/Off Ctri+J Display Preset 1 F1 Display Preset 2 F2	C EXPERT	1.3K-FA State Automati	a Lo
Display Preset 3 Display Preset 4 F4 T C	OM MID -	SWR TE	MP 9°C
erm_USB: Keypad	× ± 0½ CAI SET OEF		

The **View** menu is also equipped with the useful **Home...** and **Park...** items which have been specially designed to allow an automatic repositioning of the application along the PC desktop area.

In more detail:

- <u>Home...</u> (Ctrl+H) This item positions the display window to the upper-left corner of the desktop area and aligns the keypad to its bottom edge.
- **Park...** (Ctrl+N) This item leaves the display window where it currently stays and just aligns the keypad to its bottom edge.

The above described operations could be helpful whenever a quick and safe repositioning of the application windows is desired.



The **<u>Basic keypad...</u>** item in <u>View</u> menu allows you to set to a reduced-size keypad, having fewer keys than the complete keypad, which could be useful when no setting actions are required on the linear amplifier.

K	Term_USB: .	IKeypad 🔰	<
	0 <u>N</u>	O <u>F</u> F	
	OPERATE	DOWED	
	<u>OPERATE</u> INPUT	<u>P</u> OWER <u>A</u> NT	
	TUNE		
	TUNE	DISPLAY	

Note: The keypad types, both Full and Basic, are certainly very useful since they both can be directly accessed using the mouse pointer. It is helpful to know that all the operations allowed using the virtual keys can be also performed using short commands directly typed on the PC keyboard.

The following one is the "shortcut-keys" table:

1.3K-FA Function key	Equivalent shortcut-key from the PC keyboard
[INPUT]	I
<u>[A</u> NT]	А
[<l]< td=""><td>Ctrl+L</td></l]<>	Ctrl+L
<u>[L</u> >]	L
[<band]< td=""><td>Ctrl+B</td></band]<>	Ctrl+B
[<u>B</u> AND>]	В
[<c]< td=""><td>Ctrl+C</td></c]<>	Ctrl+C
<u>[C</u> >]	С
[T <u>U</u> NE]	U
[DISPLAY]	D
[< <u>-</u>]	-
[> <u>+]</u>	+
[O <u>N]</u>	Ν
[<u>P</u> OWER]	Р
[CA <u>T]</u>	Т
[<u>S</u> ET]	S
[<mark>OE</mark> F] (*)	F
[<u>O</u> PERATE]	0



(*) Please bear in mind that the [O<u>F</u>F] command as accessed from the virtual keypad or by shortcut key, that it always asks for a confirmation, to its amplifier shutdown operation, by showing the dialog form below:

KTerm_USB	×
Do you wish to	switch the EXPERT linear off?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Selective addressing thru the USB port.

Note: When trying to connect the linear amplifier to a PC, some problems could occur because other peripherals sharing the same USB internal hub may conflict with it. To avoid this kind of conflict it is necessary to go to "selective addressing".

This options has been designed to allow selective addressing of an EXPERT linear amplifier connected to any given PC USB port.

In contrast to similar devices using the popular FT232RL USB microcontroller where the typical way for providing selective addressing of a specific device is based upon its serial port ID parameter (e.g. COM1, COM2, etc.), our method is based upon a unique feature of the popular **FTDI** chip that is known as "**ID String Property**".

That is a sequence of 8-alphanumeric characters, programmed by the FT232RL's manufacturer during the production process of their components, which is something similar to the MAC address peculiar to any PC LAN card.

It is important to understand that this unique coding parameter does not allow addressing ambiguity when correctly applied to FDTI chips that are connected to the same USB bus.

Preliminary programming for "ID string property" with KTerm_USB.exe.

This special setting, based upon an easy "self-learning" procedure, must be performed once, however only after having put the Expert 1.3K-FA into an **OFF-LINE** state. Then, select **File/Configure USB connection...** from the main menu as shown in the picture below:

👔 KTerm_USB - Rel. 1.0.1		
File View Help		
Connect	Ctrl+Q	
Disconnect	Ctrl+S	
Configure USB connection	Ctrl+Z	
Firmware update	Ctrl+U	
Exit		
OFF-LINE F3 W: 733 H	: 205	USB_ID: Not enabled



A dialog window will pop up:

KTerm_USB: Configure connection	×
FTDI device ID string	
OK Cancel	

Press the <u>Acquire ID string</u> key, marked in the picture above, in order to start the **ID string** characters acquisition process across the USB data-link. This is a guided self-learning procedure.

In case more than one USB communications is linked to the system, directly or indirectly thru an external USB hub, the following notification pop-up window will be shown:



In such a case the user should disconnect all other devices except his EXPERT amplifier and to retry again using the acquisition procedure above described.

In case the user detaches all of the connected devices, including the linear amplifier, the **KTerm_USB.exe** acquisition system will notify the user by showing the following self-explaining pop-up message.





The following pop-up notification message will be displayed when a successful connection via USB occurs:



The picture above shows the acquisition report of a device that its **ID String Property** is **A400F1MZ**.

As explained earlier, this parameter is unique to any given specific chip, so it doesn't allow duplicates among other components from the same manufacture.

As soon as the notifiation message is validated, using its OK key, the dialog box previoulsy popped-up will appear properly filled-in as the following picture shows:

KTerm_USB: Configure connection
FTDI device ID string ▲400F1MZ ☑ Enable ID Addressing
Acquire ID string
OK Cancel



Once the user validates the data acquisition, by pressing the OK key as marked in the picture above, the **KTerm_USB.exe** internal database will be properly updated and as

confirmation, the application status bar will be updated, as shown in the following picture:

	KTerm_	JSB - Rel. 1.0.1			_ 🗆 🗙
Fil	e View	Help			
•					
0	FF-LINE	F3 W: 733	H: 205	USB_ID: [A400F1MZ]	

When the above described steps are completed, **KTerm_USB,exe** will only be able to recognize and address the **EXPERT** linear amplifier whose unique **ID String** matches the one written after the **USB_ID:** label of the picture above.

As explained earlier, this setting is permanent. So there is absolutely no need to repeat the acquisition procedure described as long as the user connects to that specific unit.

Of course the acquisition procedure must be restarted again in case another EXPERT linear amplifier would require to be addressed in the same selective way; that is because a different device has acquired, by force of circumstances, another **ID String** parameter to be reconsidered.

After having carried out all the setting and configuration steps listed in the earlier pages, you should be all set for using the FT232RL selective addressing features as described so far.

All the operations tied to the <u>**Connect**</u> / <u>**Disconnect**</u> menu items are still the same as in the case of the non-selective addressing procedure.



A last note.

If, for whatever reason, all the selective addressing capabilities are no longer needed, to open a connection to an EXPERT linear thru its USB link, they can be temporarily disabled.

The next operation is quite easy to perform.

After having recalled the **Configure USB connection** dialog box, using its specific item contained into the <u>File</u> menu, using your mouse click on the <u>Enable ID Addressing</u> option, as shown in the following picture, and confirm this entry using the **OK** button.

K	Term_USB: Configure connection
[FTDI device ID string #400F1M2 Enable ID Addressing
	Acquire ID string
L	OK Cancel

You will see this new setting in the application status bar with the "**Not enabled**" attribute following the **USB_ID:** label, as shown below:

🕐 KTerm_USB - Rel. 1.0.1	<u> </u>
File View Help	
OFF-LINE F3 W: 733 H: 205 USB_ID: Not enabled	





20.3 KTerm_232.exe usage

To start running the **KTerm_232.exe** application, it is necessary to go back into the **KTerm_Package_1_0** uncompressed folder and select the related filename as shown in the picture below:

<mark>}} KTerm_Package_1_0 ⓒ ◯ マ <mark>↓</mark> ▼ Local Dis</mark>	k (C:) ▼ tmp ▼ KTerm_Package_1_0 ▼	🔻 🚱 Sea	Search KTerm_Package_1_0			
File Edit View Tools	Help					
Organize 👻 📷 Open	New folder		:== :==	- 🗌 🕡		
🜗 My Music 🔺	Name 🔺	Date modified	Туре	Size		
My Pictures My Videos	JFT_232_RL	7/5/2014 10:59	File folder			
B Saved Games	Signature State Stat	10/22/2009 17:17	Application extens	202 KB		
Searches	KTerm_232	7/4/2014 17:06	Application	558 KB		
Computer	KTerm_USB	7/4/2014 17:07	Application	555 KB		
👊 Network						
💻 DANTE-1011C> 💌	•			•		

A suggestion is to create a link to the application and place it on the Windows desktop. A double-click using the left-button of the mouse on the application icon should render a result as the one shown in the following picture:

		32 - Rel. 1.0.1	L				_ _ X
File	e View	Help					
							1
				KTerm_232		X	
				8	CAN'T OPEN SERIAL LINK #[1082]		
OF	F-LINE	F3 W: 73	3 H: 205		ОК		

The very first time **KTerm_232.exe** is launched, a notifying pop-up message, like the one in the picture above, is shown.

This is for just warning the user that there is still no valid RS-232 port being set on the application itself.


To correct this, click OK on the pop-up window and select <u>File/Virtual Com Port</u> **setting,** as shown in the following picture:

😺 KTerm_232 - Rel. 1.0.1	
File View Help	
Connect	Ctrl+Q
Disconnect	Ctrl+S
Virtual Com Port setting	. Ctrl+Z
Firmware update	Ctrl+U
Exit	
OFF-LINE F3 W: 733	H: 205

The above menu item makes it possible to access the following dialog box, which allows a direct setting of the desired **COMx** serial port for connecting to the **EXPERT 1.3K-FA**.

KTerm_232: Virtua	I Com Port		×
COM Port:	NONE	<u>A</u> dvanced settings	
	ОК	Cancel	

If the number of an unused COM is unknown, proceed as the following page.



With all your serial resources properly connected, proceed to the **Control Panel** >>> **Hardware and Sound** >>> **Device Manager** and choose a serial COM listed in the hardware configuration that is not used by other applications.



In case the USB-to-RS232 serial converters are being used, as shown in the picture above, please proceed, as explained below, to check all the COM ports polled by the system.

To check a **COM** port identifier related to any given adapter, disconnect it from the USB socket of the PC and detect which **COM** item disappears from the proposed list after this configuration change.



In that case, use the detached COM port ID to properly set the **Virtual Com Port** dialog box, as shown in the picture below, and then reconnect the serial adapter so that it can be accessed by the application...

KTerm_232: Virtual Com Port	x
<u>COM Port:</u> <u>COM1</u> <u>A</u> dvanced settings	
OK Cancel	

The available selection range spans thru the [**COM1...COM256**] set, which can be accessed using the framed slider-control placed above the OK and CANCEL keys.

After the COM port setting is validated by pressing the OK key, all the other communication parameters become set as follows:

- Baud rate: 115200
- Bit per character: 8
- Parity check: No
- Stop bit: 1

Also, the Baud-rate setting can be changed by pressing the **Advanced settings...** if needed.

🔀 KTerm_232 - Rel. 1.0.1	×
File View Help	
KTerm_232: Virtual Com Port	
COM Port: COM1	
Advanced settings	
KTerm_232: Advanced settings	
Baud Rate 115200 8 Data Bit	
No Parity	
DFF-LINE F3 W: 733	0 8, N, 1
OK Cancel	

The **Baud rate** setting can be selected by using the available slider-control marked in the picture above:



- 9600 baud
- 14400 baud
- 19200 baud
- 28800 baud
- 38400 baud
- 57600 baud
- 115200 baud

And then by pressing the **OK** button.

All the other framing and parity parameters can not be changed by the user because they are set by the program initialization.

It should be noted that the **Baud rate** setting is needed to be set on the **KTerm_232.exe** application's side before a remote connection can be made. And it may need to be changed due to a previous setting of a different baud rate.

The reason for this is because it is a permanent setting, which is stored into a private data-base system, and will be recalled by the application whenever needed.

On the **EXPERT 1.3K-FA** side, the baud-rate is automatically synchronized by the datapattern being sent to it by **KTerm_232.exe** upon any query to the linear.

As mentioned above, the application usage is still the same as for the USB interface version described earlier, but there are just some minor "look-and-feel" changes as shown in the picture below:

File View Help	
EXPE Soli Standby	RT 1.3K-FA d State y Automatic
IN BAND ANT CAT OUT 2 40 m 1 ICOM MID IN-LINE F3 Wr. 733 Hr. 205 Port: COML Baud Rate: 115200 8, N, 1	SWR TEMP 31°C
KTerm_232: Keypad X NPUT ANT L ABAND BAND ABAND A C C AL TUNE OPERATE ON	KTerm_232: Help KTerm_232 EXPERT RS-232 terminal Copyright SPE off-2012
	<u>OK</u>

The use of RS 232 port becomes a necessity when the device needs to be remoted via the Internet. And since most specially designed devices, currently available on the market, do not implement the USB port feature to being compliant to the USB front-end of the EXPERT linear amplifiers.



Remote ON/OFF using RS-232.

With this new software release, the [**ON**] and [**OFF**] keys are fully enabled and work the same way as they work on the USB version of the application.

However, there is a small technical detail to take into account about the [ON] key's behaviour.

It acts on the DTR output line of the PC RS-232 serial COM port by generating a timed positive pulse about every second or so across the link.

Since the "**PORT**" socket on the rear panel of the **1.3K-FA** isn't equipped with any **DSR** input line to handle this "switch-on" signal coming from the remote control application, the most suitable solution is to wire a "cable branch" according to the schematics in the following diagram.

This solution uses an already-existing feature of **1.3K-FA** which involves the "**REMOTE_ON**" input line, placed on both "**CAT**" sockets, which behaves the same way as the front panel's [**ON**] key does.

Actually, it triggers a switch-on of the linear amplifier whenever a positive voltage level greater than +5Vdc is applied to it.

A typical application for this "remote switch-on line", is to wire it to the +13.8Vdc powersupply which powers the transceiver. And a similar result can also be achieved by wiring it to DTR output line coming from a PC, or from a remote device controlled by a PC running Term_2K_232.exe using the suggested external R-C network drawn in the schematic diagram below.

A typical RS-232 serial port like this ensures output voltage levels spanning from +/- 6.5Vdc (USB to serial adapters) and up to +/- 11Vdc (standard RS-232 ports whose circuit is based upon the popular MAX232 line-driver).





A note about the DTR-link behaviour.

Even thought this circuit seems to work correctly when driven by software, it could cause unexpected switching-on of a connected linear amplifier having its rear panel's mains-switch enabled, when the linked PC re-boots or when an external serial device (e.g. a USB to serial adaptor...) is physically connected.

The reason for this odd behaviour is related to some uncontrolled OFF-to-ON transitions of a DTR output line.

So, please, take this unpleasant side effect into account when using this kind of branch in external links.



20.4 Firmware update

A very useful feature of the **KTerm_USB.exe / KTerm_232.exe** applications is one that enables software updating of the built-in firmware in the linear amplifier.

To update the linear amplifier it is necessary to use a suitable **.PK2** firmware file, which must be downloaded from our website <u>www.linear-amplifier.com</u> and then stored into a proper working folder.

Switch the linear on leaving it set to the STANDBY mode during the firmware updating.

IN BAND ANT CAT OUT SWR TEMP 2 40 m 1 ICOM MID 32°C
DN-LINE F3 W: 733 H: 205 USB_ID: Not enabled

Under these conditions the <u>File</u>\Firmware <u>update</u> menu item becomes active and, after being selected, it sets the EXPERT 1.3-FA into its firmware update mode (FIRMWARE UPDATE PROCEDURE).

After then a dialog box pops-up, and the user has selected a proper firmware package, that data will be sent to the linear amplifier to update all its embedded functions

Observe the example in the picture below where a firmware package file named **07_07_14_A.pk2** has been selected:

FIRMWARE UPDA	FE PROCEDURE -	
Select a <.PK2> FIR to install, or CANC	👔 Open Package file	×
ON-LINE F3 W: 733 H: 205 USB_ID: Not enabled	Look in: KTerm_Package_1_0 Name FT_232_RL 1K3_07_07_14_A.pk2	
		Open

After the necessary confirmation by the user for validating the procedure, the **EXPERT 1.3K-FA** switches its display off as the updating is being transferred to the **KTerm_USB.exe** application



The main steps of firmware update procedure are below:

1. Checking and validation of updating firmware package



2. A physical data transmission of the new firmware from the PC to the linear amplifier

FIRMW				147	
FIRMARE	OFDHIC	IN PROG	NE00.	104	
ON-LINE F3 W: 733 H: 205	USB_ID: Not enabled	1			



3. A final validation for the completed firmware update



And as the last action, after a successful firmware update, the linear amplifier performs a general auto-restart operation. Then after, full control of the updated device is restored to both local and remote operations.

The user is then able to check the result of his firmware update operation directly on the LCD display (both real and virtual...) by pressing the **[CAT]** key twice and only when in the **STANDBY** mode.

This operation will be shown on the display as below:





21. GENERAL RESTORE

A System General Restore can be performed by pressing the [**INPUT**] and the [**OFF**] keys together for at least one second.

This operation is only possible from the linear amplifier front-panel physical keyboard.

The linear amplifier will switch off with a self-explaining system message.

Then, after it turns back on, all of the factory defaults will be restored.



22. WARRANTY TERMS

SPE warrants to the original Purchaser that this product shall be free from defects of materials or workmanship.

SPE warrants for two (2) years from the date of original purchaser that SPE will provide free of charge all parts and labor necessary to correct defects in material or workmanship. The Purchaser has only to pay all the shipping expenses for warranty service work.

Customers should address requests for warranty service work to the Distributor/ Dealer where they made their purchase. As part of their reseller agreement with SPE, they are responsible for service support.

If the Distributor/Dealer has closed down, or when the Purchaser moves into another area, SPE will be directly responsible for warranty service at their factory in Rome. The shipping expenses to and from SPE will then be paid by the customer. Any repair requests to other dealers will be subject to specific direct negotiations between the customer and the dealer.

In order to not invalidate the warranty service, the original Purchaser must complete the warranty registration card, and send it to SPE no more than 30 days from the date of purchase.

Unless otherwise agreed, the products will be delivered ex-works from the factory of the seller.

The delivery, even in the event of a return for repair, is understood done with the delivery of the goods to the carrier specified by the purchaser or, failing that, to the carrier chosen by SPE.

The products will travel at the risk of the purchaser even if, at the request of the same one or for other causes, SPE should carry out transport or choose the carrier.

If the original Purchaser finds some defects after having received the equipment, he must immediately notify the Distributor/Dealer of the defects found by sending the properly filled in REPAIR FORM. Replacement of the amplifier may be done by SPE in exceptional circumstances and at SPE's complete discretion. In any case no replacement will be provided if more than the twentieth day after delivery has passed.

In case of a purchase of a used amplifier, in order to retain the warranty's validity, it is necessary to notify SPE of the following data:

- Document for the second purchase (used)
- Invoice for the original purchase
- Serial number (s/n) of equipment

Replacement of equipment in these circumstances is not an option.

In any case the warranty period shall be two (2) years from the original purchase, and not from any subsequent purchase.

Whenever the date of first sale is not well specified or is greater than one year from the date of the shipping from SPE to the Distributor/Dealer, the date of shipping from SPE to the Distributor/Dealer will be considered the start of the warranty period.

The warranty does not apply either if the certificate of the first purchase (invoice) is missing, the s/n is undecipherable/falsified or to any defect that SPE determines is due to:



- 1. Improper maintenance or repair by persons not authorised by SPE to carry out such work, including the installation of parts or accessories that do not conform to the quality and specifications of the original parts.
- 2. Misuse, abuse, neglect or improper installation, user's manual non-observance.
- 3. Carelessness, accidental or intentional damage.

SPE warrants aforesaid items only, and the Purchaser shall have no remedy and no claim for incidental or consequential damages.

It is mandatory, when sending SPE equipment to be repaired, to enclose:

- Invoice of the original purchase.
- Document of the second purchase (if any).

Particular agreements between retailer and Purchaser or particular obligations imposed in other countries are matters for the local retailer and not for SPE.

In the event of dispute Rome's court of competent jurisdiction will apply.

By purchasing SPE equipment, the Purchaser declares his acceptance of the above warranty terms.



REPAIR FORM

MODEL DATE SERIAL NUMBER DATE CONNECTION STATE AT THE MOMENT OF THE BREAKDOWN TRANSCEIVER MODEL CAT CONNECTION IF YES INDICATE THE ITEM HEADING IN THE USER'S MANUAL IF NO BAND DATA INTERFACE
YES ANY LINK? □ YES WAS THE ALC CONNECTED? WAS THE DRIVING POWER OF THE TRANSCEIVER SET AT THE MAXIMUM LEVEL?
YES
NO IF 'NO', WHAT POWER OUTPUT WAS SET? ON WHICH BAND DID THE FAULT HAPPEN? DID YOU CHANGE BANDS / ANTENNA IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE FAULT HAPPENED? 🗆 YES 🗆 NO PLEASE WRITE THE TRANSMISSION MODE: SSB CW QSK DIGITAL MODE/FM AM FOR HOW LONG BEFORE THE FAILURE DID YOU SWITCH ON THE AMPLIFIER? LOW THE AMPLIFIER WAS IN THE: MID WHICH WAS THE INPUT USED? □ INPUT 1 □ INPUT 2 WHAT FAULT INFORMATION WAS DISPLAYED ON THE LCD? WHICH WAS THE MAINS VOLTAGE AT THE MOMENT OF THE BREAKDOWN? OTHER INFORMATION: SPACE FOR THE REPAIRER REPAIRER DATE OF ARRIVAL NOTES ABOUT THE AMPLIFIER WHEN YOU RECEIVED IT PARTS REPLACED

DATE OF TESTS

SIGNATURE OF THE REPAIRER



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